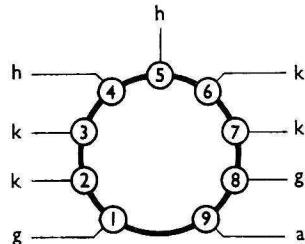


The A2599 is a low noise v.h.f. triode for grounded-cathode use. It is a commercial version of the CV5242.

**BASE CONNECTIONS AND VALVE DIMENSIONS**



Base: B9A  
Bulb: Tubular.  
Max. overall length: 56 mm.  
Max. seated length: 49 mm.  
Max. diameter: 22.2 mm.

Viewed from underside of base.

**HEATER**

$V_h$	6.3	V
$I_h$	0.3 (approx)	A

**MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute)**

$V_a$	250	V
$p_a$	2.5	W
$I_k$	20	mA
$-V_g$	20	V
$V_{h-k(pk)}$	100	V
$T_{bulb}$	200	°C

**CAPACITANCES** (Measured on a cold screened valve)

$$C_{g-all}, \text{ less } a: 3.5 \text{ pF}; \quad C_{a-all}, \text{ less } g: 0.7 \text{ pF}; \quad C_{g-a}: 1.1 \text{ pF}.$$

**CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_a$	130	V
$I_a$	16	mA
$V_g$	-1 (approx)	V
$g_m$	15	mA/V
$\mu$	60	—
$*C_{in(w)}$	6 (approx)	pF
$*r_{in(w)}$	30 (approx)	kΩ

\*Measured hot at 45Mc/s with anode decoupled to cathode.

**THE M-O VALVE CO. LTD. • BROOK GREEN • LONDON • W.6**

**AUGUST 1962**

# A2599

## TYPICAL OPERATION

### Class A. Low Noise Amplifier. Grounded Cathode Connection.

Used in the first stage of a cascode amplifier, followed by an A2521 triode, operated in grounded-grid connection, as shown in figs. 1, 2 and 3.

V <sub>a(b)</sub>	180	250	V	(
R <sub>a</sub>	3.3	—	kΩ	)
R <sub>k</sub>	68	68	Ω	(
I <sub>a</sub>	15.5	14.5	mA	)
Frequency	45	200	Mc/s	(
*Noise factor (average)	1.5	6.8	dB	)
†Noise factor (average)	1.3	4.7	dB	(
‡Power gain (approx)	30	20	dB	)
Optimum source resistance (approx)	1300	290	Ω	(

\*Input circuit tuned.

†Input circuit adjusted for lowest noise factor.

‡For the cascode amplifier.

## INSTALLATION

The valve may be mounted in any position. The use of a retaining device is recommended.

If a screening can is used it should be blackened inside and out.

Free air circulation around the bulb or the outside of the screening can should be provided.

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*Provision of circuit information in this publication does not imply a right to use any invention which may be involved and which is the subject of patents by whomsoever owned.*

# A2599

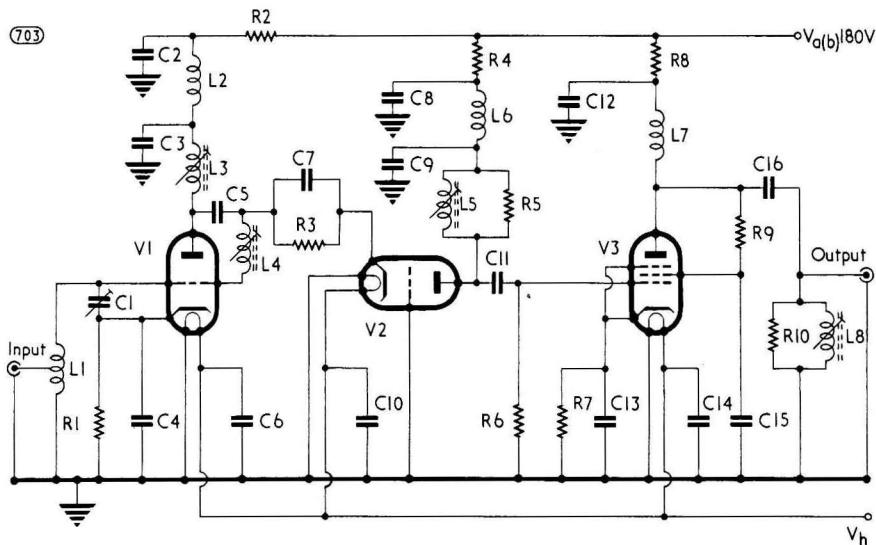


Fig. 1. Circuit of 45Mc/s cascode amplifier.

## COMPONENT VALUES FOR FIG. 1.

Valves	Resistors
V1 A2599	R1, R3      68Ω 0.25W
V2 A2521	R2, R4, R8      3.3kΩ 1W
V3 Z77	R5      4.7kΩ 0.25W
Capacitors	R6      1.0MΩ 0.25W
C1      2.8pF	R7      150Ω 0.25W
C2 to C14, C 16      1000pF	R9      22kΩ 0.25W
C15      470pF	R10      100Ω 0.25W

## Inductances

All coils of enamelled copper wire wound on  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. dia. former.

	Turns	s.w.g.
L1	9	18
L2, L6, L7	80	34
*L3	12	20
*L4	35	30
*L5	10	20
*L8	12	20

\*Core is of the type recommended for use up to 100 Mc/s.

**A2599**

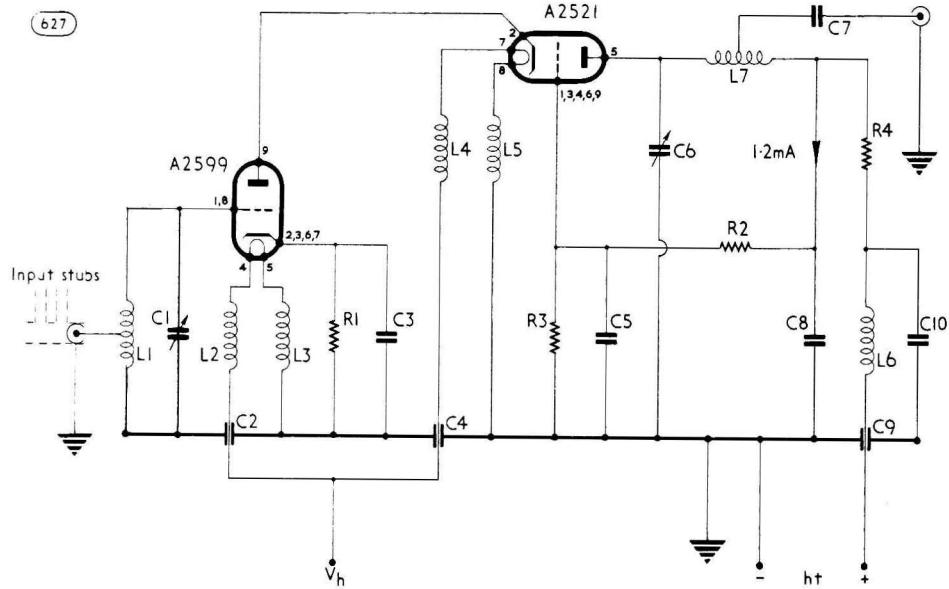


Fig. 2. Circuit of 200Mc/s cascode amplifier.

**COMPONENT VALUES FOR FIGS. 2 AND 3**

<b>Resistors</b>		<b>Capacitors</b>	
R1	68Ω.	C1, C6	3-30pF ceramic trimmer.
R2-R3	100kΩ.	C2, C4, C9	4700pF feedthrough.
R4	1kΩ.	C3, C7, C10	1000pF.
		C5, C8	2000pF.

## Inductances

- L1      1½ turns 14 s.w.g. copper wire  $\frac{3}{16}$ in. i.d. tapped at 1 turn from earthy end.

L2 to L6 20½in. of 26 s.w.g. enamelled copper wire close-wound  $\frac{3}{16}$ in. i.d. air-cored coil.

L7      1½ turns 14 s.w.g. copper wire  $\frac{1}{2}$ in. i.d. tapped at  $\frac{1}{2}$  turn from earthy end.

**A2599**

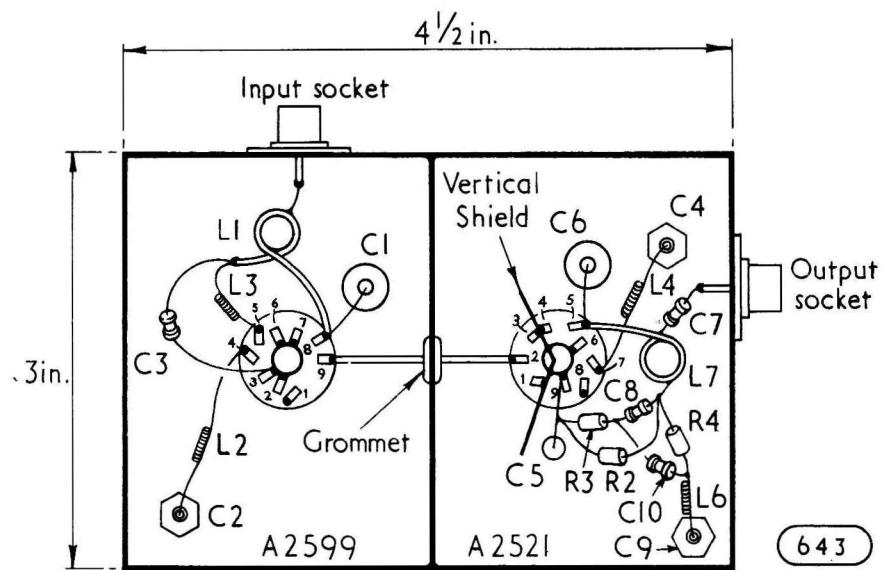


Fig. 3. Layout of 200Mc/s cascode amplifier.

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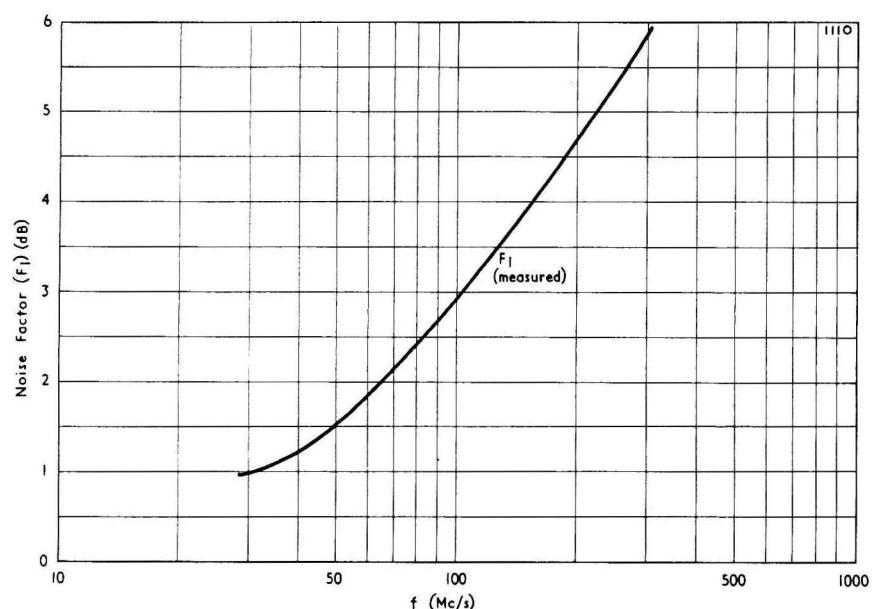


Fig. 4. Variation in average minimum noise factor against frequency for A2599-A2521 cascode amplifiers.  
( $F_1$  measured using a noise diode).

**A2599**

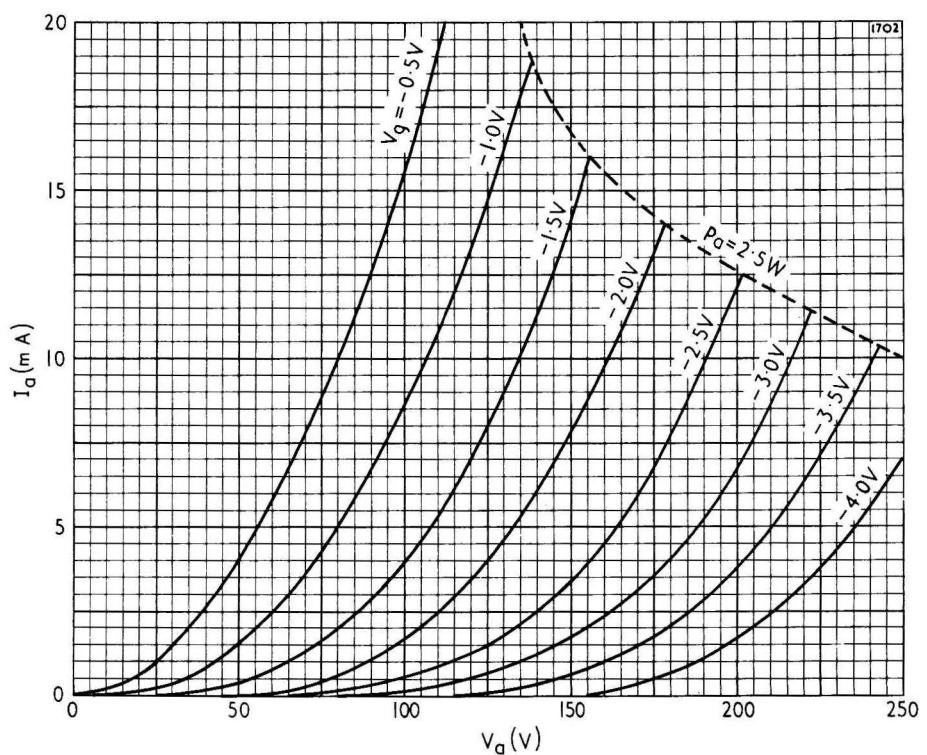


Fig 5.

**A2599**

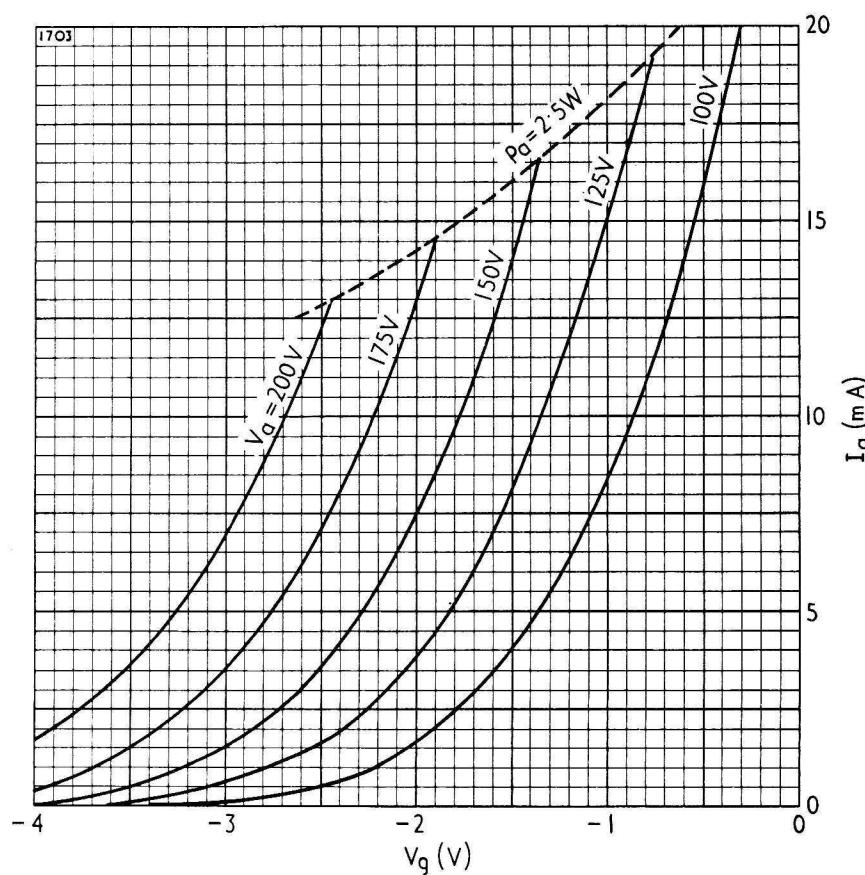


Fig. 6.